



## MARKED SPECIFICATION

F-9197

Ser. No.10/593,988

### CENTERING PIN

#### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5     The invention relates to a receiving element useful, for example, as a centering pin or receiving pin for centering and receiving components, in particular a plurality of metal sheet parts or at least one metal sheet part having a threaded female element, and more particularly employable in association with welding tools, in particular pressure welding tools, apparatus or machines.

10     A receiving element is disclosed in ~~Known from~~ WO 2004/069 468 A1, ~~is such a receiving element~~ having a bolt that, in the area of its external surface, which is largely parallel to a longitudinal axis, ~~[[has]]~~ includes at least two recesses with apertures. Arranged in these recesses are pins that comprise or contain wear-resistant material ~~or contain such material~~ and that extend somewhat radially through said apertures and project over the external surface with a predefined overhang. Such receiving elements can be introduced into bores of at least one component for  
15     fixing and/or aligning for subsequent machining. For instance, if two metal sheets are to be joined to one another by welding, these contain receiving bores that match one another and into which a receiving element of the type cited is subsequently introduced for centering and receiving the metal sheets. ~~[[In]]~~ Particularly in the case of large components ~~in particular~~, a plurality of such receiving elements are  
20     usefully provided as production or assembly aids. The receiving elements can also be employed as holding pins and/or guide pins in machines, systems, or machining systems for components, these being for instance automatic welding machines, punches, or presses. Production of these previously known receiving elements requires a certain complexity because first the at least two lateral apertures must be  
25     added to the bolt, which normally comprises metal, and then the at least two pins, which comprise or contain sintered material, must be introduced into the apertures,

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5 whereby in a useful manner in a further machining step, the pins projecting outward from the bolt are machined such that the surface areas of the pins that overhang farthest radially are located on a common surface. Even without performing this latter method step, adding at least two apertures to the bolt and preparing and inserting the two aforesaid pins entails production complexity that is not insubstantial.

10 \_\_\_\_\_ Moreover, ~~known from~~ a receiving element is disclosed in JP 02 290 696 A ~~is a receiving element~~ that has a [[ring]] sleeve comprising a sintered material, through which ~~ring passes~~ a bolt, provided with a tip, passes. The end of the bolt facing away from the tip is provided with a thread that engages in a threaded bore of an element provided with a male thread, the ~~aforesaid~~ aforementioned sleeve being clamped axially between the bolt tip and the element. The production of the cylindrical sleeve made of sintered material is quite complex in order ~~on the one hand~~ to avoid radial play in terms of the bolt that passes through and ~~on the other hand~~ conversely to avoid undesired radial compression and associated waste during  
15 production. In addition, this receiving element also comprises at least three parts, specifically sleeve and bolt and the threaded element that has a male thread, and thus the various machining steps being disadvantageous especially during serial production of large numbers of units.

20 \_\_\_\_\_ Based upon the foregoing, ~~Proceeding from this~~, the underlying object of the invention is to further develop [[the]] a receiving element with less structural complexity while avoiding the aforesaid disadvantages such that high dimensional stability and positioning accuracy are assured for a long service life. The production of the receiving element should not require great complexity and/or material  
25 consumption, and should be economical to ~~perform~~ implement. Moreover, it should be possible ~~with no~~ without significant problem to assure the electrical insulation

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that is used when the receiving element is used or employed for producing a weld joint, in particular for metal sheet parts and/or one metal sheet part with threaded female elements. Furthermore, the receiving elements should especially be used in welding systems or devices, in particular for example, for producing pressure welded joints.

~~This object is attained in accordance with the features provided in patent claim 1.~~

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

\_\_\_\_\_The ~~suggested~~ receiving element in accordance with the invention is characterized by a simple and functionally appropriate structure. The bolt comprises wear-resistant sintered materials, preferably oxide ceramics or non-oxide ceramics, in particular  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{ZrO}_2$ , or  $\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4$  for example,  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{ZrO}_2$ , or  $\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4$ , or mixtures resulting therefrom thereof, and contains at [[its]] a forward end thereof a recess in which [[the]] a tip, comprising metal, in particular advantageously, for example, steel or high-grade steel, engages and is attached at one end section. In the interior of the bolt, a direct or immediate connection is provided between the tip, via [[its]] an end section thereof, and the recess, advantageously embodied, for example, in particular as a blind hole, and thus provided in the bolt. The recess, which is preferably coaxial with the longitudinal axis and/or penetrated thereby, permits a lasting and loadable connection in the ~~axially~~ comparatively short axially forward area of the bolt without a reduction in the cross-section of the bolt, which is made of the high-performance ceramics or sintered material used, being necessary over the entire axial length. The interiorly situated forward connecting area extends only over a fraction (portion) of the entire length of the bolt, advantageously less than 50%, and more preferably less than 30% thereof. The end section of the tip and/or the forward connecting area possesses an axial length that is substantially smaller than the total length of the bolt.

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Furthermore, it is particularly important that the interiorly situated connecting area is reliably protected from attack by an environmental medium, for ~~instance~~ example, steam or aggressive gases. The fastening of the tip or its end section in the axial recess of the bolt is ~~in particular~~ advantageously embodied as an adhesive joint, 5 ~~[[or]] shrink fit, [[or]] press fit or clamp connection. Mechanical processing, in particular~~ for example, circular grinding, is used to grind the exterior surface of the bolt embodied from sintered material and/or high-performance ceramics to the required aperture diameter for the component to be processed, in particular metal sheet or threaded female element.

10 \_\_\_\_\_ In contrast to receiving elements with tips made of ceramics, which can break off relatively easily, particularly when they have small diameters, using the metal tip prevents the ~~very~~ extremely disadvantageous breakage with a high degree of functional assuredness. Thus ~~inventive~~ components encountered in connection with the invention, in particular metal sheets, can be readily joined to one another ~~with no~~ 15 ~~problem~~ using the suggested receiving elements, in particular in welding tools and/or pressure welding tools, even with threaded female elements that are quite small, in particular with M4, M5, M6, or M8 female threads, avoiding failure times and idle times for the welding tools or automatic welding systems and attaining long useful life periods. The bolt is advantageously produced, for example, ~~in particular~~ by dry 20 pressing, extrusion, or in an injection molding process and/or by mechanical processing. The bolt is advantageously embodied as a part, ~~whether~~ either as tube or bar, and is provided and/or fitted with the metal tip at the forward free end.

25 \_\_\_\_\_ Moreover, in particular for optimizing the insulation, a fastening body made of an insulating material, ~~in particular~~ advantageously, for example, plastic, can be provided at the other end of the bolt from the tip, an adhesive joint, shrink fit, press fit, or clamp connection preferably being provided. By using high-performance

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ceramics for the bolt in conjunction with the tip made of metal, ~~in particular~~  
advantageously steel, and optionally arranging the fastening body made of insulating  
material at the other end, the inventive receiving element is characterized primarily  
by the following improved properties: specifically, high wear-resistance and/or  
5 extremely long service life and/or good dimensional stability and/or precise  
positioning accuracy and/or high surface quality and/or optimized electrical  
insulation.

~~Special further developments and designs of the invention are provided in the  
subordinate claims and in the following description of particular exemplary  
embodiments.~~

\_\_\_\_\_The invention is explained in greater detail in the following using the  
exemplary embodiments depicted in the drawings, without this resulting in any  
limitation.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

15 \_\_\_\_\_Fig. 1 is a schematic depiction of an axial section of a first exemplary  
embodiment according to the invention; and

\_\_\_\_\_Fig. 2 is an axial section of another exemplary embodiment according to the  
invention having a fastening body made of an insulating material for additional insulation.

### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

20 \_\_\_\_\_In accordance with Fig. 1, ~~[[the]]~~ a receiving element ~~contains~~ comprises a  
bolt 2, and a tip 4 that is produced as a separate component ~~and that with its~~ having  
an end section 6 which engages in a recess 8 of the bolt 2 at ~~the latter's~~ a forward end

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of the latter. The bolt 2 comprises or contains wear-resistant sintered material, preferably oxide ceramics, such as, for example, ~~in particular~~  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  or  $\text{ZrO}_2$   $\text{ZrO}_2$ , or non-oxide ceramics such as  $\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4$   $\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4$ , or mixtures ~~resulting therefrom thereof~~. The forward section 10 of the pin 4 projects axially out of the bolt 2 and

5 ~~possesses~~ presents an exterior surface 12 that is at least approximately and/or largely conical. In the exit area from the bolt 2, the tip 4 or [[its]] the forward section 10 thereof ~~includes~~ ~~possesses~~ a maximum external diameter 14 that is smaller by a ~~prespecified~~ prescribed amount than the external diameter 16 of the bolt 2 or [[its]] the exterior surface 18 thereof. The recess 8 in the forward end of the bolt 2 is

10 preferably embodied as a blind hole, and the end section 6 extends axially over only a fraction of the entire length of the bolt 2.

\_\_\_\_\_ The exterior surface 18 runs largely parallel to the longitudinal axis 20 of the bolt or the entire receiving element and is advantageously embodied ~~in particular~~, as a cylindrical exterior surface that is coaxial with the longitudinal axis 20.

15 Alternatively, the exterior surface 18 can have a polygonal exterior contour. As can be seen, a transition area 22 that tapers toward the end section 6 is present between the forward, ~~in particular~~ advantageously conical, end section 6 and the exterior surface 18 of the bolt 2. ~~This~~ While the transition area 22 is usefully a component of the bolt 2, ~~but~~ the transition area 22 can alternatively also be a component of the

20 tip 4. The receiving element ~~inventively possesses~~ includes a stepped exterior contour with the forward section 10 of the tip 4 projecting out of the bolt 2, the maximum external diameter 14 being substantially smaller than the external diameter 16 of the bolt. The transition area 22 ~~possesses~~ presents a substantially smaller axial extension than the end section 6. Moreover, the takeout angle or cone angle of the

25 transition area 22 is preferably substantially larger than the takeout angle or cone angle of the end section 6.

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\_\_\_\_\_ Due to the substantially smaller external diameter 14 of the ~~end~~ forward section ~~[[6]]~~ 10 relative to the external diameter 16 of the bolt 2 and/or due to the ~~inventively provided~~ transition area 22 according to the invention, certain introduction of the receiving element into an associated bore of the components to be centered ~~in particular by means~~ by virtue of the receiving element, especially metal sheet and threaded female element, is assured. The tip 4 comprises metal, ~~in particular~~ advantageously steel or high-quality steel, so that, even when the external diameters of the receiving element and the bolt 2 are quite small, ~~damage to the tip 4 is prevented, and it is prevented from breaking~~ will not be damaged or broken off and/or a long service life or useful life is attained for the receiving element.

\_\_\_\_\_ In a particularly advantageous embodiment, the ~~The~~ direct connection of the tip 4 or ~~[[its]]~~ the end section 6 thereof in the correspondingly embodied recess 8 is ~~in particular embodied provided~~ as an adhesive joint, shrink fit, press fit, or clamp connection. The recess 8 is advantageously coaxial with the longitudinal axis 20. For precise axial positioning of the tip 4 in the bolt 2, a step 24 is present between the axially projecting forward section 4 and the end section 6 arranged in the recess 8, such that the maximum external diameter 14 of the forward section 10 is larger by a ~~prespecified~~ prescribed amount than the external diameter 26 of the end section 6. The step 24 thus forms a defined stop, in particular during insertion and/or when producing the connection between the bolt 2 and the tip 4, which provides exact axial positioning and ultimately a defined axial length of the entire receiving element. Moreover, impermissibly high loading or even destruction of the connection between the tip 4 and the bolt 2 is avoided by ~~means~~ virtue of the step 24.

\_\_\_\_\_ ~~The~~ ~~At its end facing away from the tip 4, the bolt 2 contains a fastening body 30~~ at an end facing away from the tip 4 for placing the receiving element in a tool, ~~in particular~~ for example, a pressure welding tool. The fastening body 30

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contains a flange, advantageously embodied as a radial extension for placement in the tool. ~~At this point it should be stated that~~ As noted above, the receiving element is preferably embodied as a centering pin or receiving pin, and is used for centering and receiving components, in particular a plurality of metal sheet parts or at least one metal sheet part having a threaded female element. Furthermore, the receiving element is provided primarily for employment and/or use in welding tools, in particular pressure welding tools or apparatus or machines. Moreover, the inventive receiving element is characterized by relatively small external dimensions. Thus, the external diameter 16 of the bolt 2 is largely in the range of 3 to 12 mm, preferably 3.5 to 10 mm, and in particular from 4 to 8.5 mm. Thus, when using the inventive receiving element, even very small threaded female elements having internal diameters of M4 or M5 or M6 or M8 threads can be centered by means of the receiving element or received thereby and in associated machines or tools, such as, for example, ~~in particular~~ pressure welding machines, can be joined to metal sheet parts, whereby even ~~and specifically~~ with such small radial dimensions, the tip is prevented with certainty from breaking off due to the suggested embodiment of the metal tip 4 and its integration into the bolt 2 made of high-performance ceramics and/or wear-resistant sintered material and ultimately high functional security and/or service life is attained.

\_\_\_\_\_ Fig. 2 illustrates another exemplary embodiment, according to which the fastening body 30 is not an integral component of the bolt 2 but rather is joined to the bolt 2 as a separate component. The fastening body 30 comprises a special electrically insulating material, ~~in particular~~ for example, plastic, in order to assure additional and/or improved electrical insulation of the receiving element with respect to the tool, in particular a pressure welding tool. As can be seen, at ~~[[its]]~~ a back end, the bolt 2 contains a second recess 32 in which a connecting section 34 of the fastening section 30 engages. The connecting section 34 is joined in the second recess 32 by ~~means of~~ an adhesive joint, ~~[[or]]~~ shrink fit, ~~[[or]]~~ press fit or clamp



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connection. Furthermore, the fastening body contains a radial expansion and/or a flange 36, the external diameter of which is greater than the external diameter of the bolt 2. A step is present between the connecting section 34 and the flange 36, ~~this providing which serves to provide~~ defined placement and/or axial alignment of the fastening body 30 with respect to the bolt 2. As in the exemplary embodiment in accordance with Fig. 1, between the two recesses 8 and 32 the bolt 2 contains a massive intermediate area 38 that assures high stability and/or strength of the bolt 2 and thus of the entire receiving element.

\_\_\_\_Alternatively, in the framework of the invention, the bolt 2 can have a single central recess that extends across the entire axial length. If, corresponding to Fig. 2, a separate fastening body 30 is provided at the back end, however, there is no immediate axial connection between the tip 4 arranged at the forward end and the fastening body 30 and consequently axial connecting forces between the tip 4 and the fastening body 30 are avoided in an advantageous manner. It is hereby also further stated that an interiorly situated recess can extend axially through the entire length of the bolt, including ~~[[its]]~~ the integrally formed connecting body thereof, as well, alternatively to the embodiment in accordance with Fig. 1. However, the connecting area in such an embodiment is provided solely on the forward end of the bolt 2.

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Legend

	2	Bolt
	4	Tip
	6	End section of 4
5	8	Recess in 2
	10	Forward section of 4
	12	Exterior surface of 6
	14	Maximum external diameter of 6
	16	External diameter of 2
10	18	Exterior surface of 2
	20	Longitudinal axis
	22	Transition area
	24	Step between 4 and 6
	26	External diameter of 6
15	30	Fastening body
	32	Second recess in 2
	34	Connecting section of 30
	36	Flange of 30
	38	Massive intermediate area of 2

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

~~A The invention relates to a receiving element comprising which can be introduced into a borehole of at least one component includes a shaft (2) provided with bolt presenting an outer surface (18) that is essentially approximately parallel; especially and advantageously coaxial[[,]] to a longitudinal axis (20) of the bolt, and can be introduced into a borehole of a component, preferably at least two components. The aim of the invention is to develop one such receiving element requires few materials and can therefore be produced at a low constructional cost in such a way that it can be while being provided with high dimensional stability and positioning accuracy; the production of said receiving element being economical and requiring few materials. To this end, the The bold shaft (2) consists of includes an abrasion-resistant sintered material or contains the same, and a metal tip (4) is provided on the front end of the shaft. The (2), the end part (6) of said of the tip engaging is engageable in a recess (8) of the shaft (2) bolt, and there is a direct connection between the end part (6) and the recess (8) in the connection region on the front end of the shaft (2) bolt.~~